

Review of Particle Physics*

A. Piepke – University of Alabama
et al.

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REVIEW OF PARTICLE PHYSICS*

Particle Data Group

Abstract

This biennial *Review* summarizes much of Particle Physics. Using data from previous editions, plus 1726 new measurements from 512 papers, we list, evaluate, and average measured properties of gauge bosons, leptons, quarks, mesons, and baryons. We also summarize searches for hypothetical particles such as Higgs bosons, heavy neutrinos, and supersymmetric particles. All the particle properties and search limits are listed in Summary Tables. We also give numerous tables, figures, formulae, and reviews of topics such as the Standard Model, particle detectors, probability, and statistics. Among the 119 reviews are many that are new or heavily revised including those on neutrino mixing, CP violation in K , D , and B mesons, V_{cb} , the new exotic $\Theta(1540)$ particle, extra-dimensions, grand unified theories, cosmic background radiation, dark matter, cosmological parameters, and big bang cosmology. A booklet is available containing the Summary Tables and abbreviated versions of some of the other sections of this full *Review*. All tables, listings, and reviews (and errata) are also available on the Particle Data Group website: <http://pdg.lbl.gov>.

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PARTICLE DATA GROUP AUTHORS:

S. Eidelman,¹ K.G. Hayes,² K.A. Olive,³ M. Aguilar-Benitez,⁴ C. Amsler,⁵ D. Asner,⁶ K.S. Babu,⁷ R.M. Barnett,⁸ J. Beringer,⁸ P.R. Burchat,⁹ C.D. Carone,¹⁰ C. Caso,¹¹ G. Conforto,^{12,13} O. Dahl,⁸ G. D'Ambrosio,¹⁴ M. Doser,¹⁵ J.L. Feng,¹⁶ T. Gherghetta,³ L. Gibbons,¹⁷ M. Goodman,¹⁸ C. Grab,¹⁹ D.E. Groom,⁸ A. Gurtu,^{20,15} K. Hagiwara,²¹ J.J. Hernández-Rey,^{22†} K. Hikasa,²³ K. Honscheid,²⁴ H. Jawahery,²⁵ C. Kolda,²⁶ Y. Kwon,²⁷ M.L. Mangano,¹⁵ A.V. Manohar,²⁸ J. March-Russell,¹⁵ A. Masoni,²⁹ R. Miquel,⁸ K. Mönig,³⁰ H. Murayama,^{8,31} K. Nakamura,²¹ S. Navas,^{32†} L. Pape,¹⁵ C. Patrignani,¹¹ A. Piepke,³³ G. Raffelt,³⁴ M. Roos,³⁵ M. Tanabashi,²³ J. Terning,³⁶ N.A. Törnqvist,³⁵ T.G. Trippe,⁸ P. Vogel,³⁷ C.G. Wohl,⁸ R.L. Workman,³⁸ W.-M. Yao,⁸ P.A. Zyla⁸

Technical Associates: B. Armstrong,⁸ P.S. Gee,⁸ G. Harper,⁸ K.S. Lugovsky,³⁹ S.B. Lugovsky,³⁹ V.S. Lugovsky,³⁹ A. Rom⁸

OTHER AUTHORS WHO HAVE MADE SUBSTANTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO REVIEWS:

M. Artuso,⁴⁰ E. Barberio,⁴¹ M. Battaglia,³¹ H. Bichsel,⁴² O. Biebel,³⁴ P. Bloch,¹⁵ R.N. Cahn,⁸ D. Casper,¹⁶ A. Cattai,¹⁵ R.S. Chivukula,⁴³ G. Cowan,⁴⁴ T. Damour,⁴⁵ K. Desler,⁴⁶ M.A. Dobbs,⁸ M. Drees,⁴⁷ A. Edwards,⁹ D.A. Edwards,⁴⁶ V.D. Elvira,⁴⁸ J. Erler,⁴⁹ V.V. Ezhela,³⁹ W. Fetscher,¹⁹ B.D. Fields,⁵⁰ B. Foster,^{46,51} D. Froidevaux,¹⁵ M. Fukugita,⁵² T.K. Gaiser,⁵³ L. Garren,⁴⁸ H.-J. Gerber,¹⁹ G. Gerbier,⁵⁴ F.J. Gilman,⁵⁵ H.E. Haber,⁵⁶ C. Hagmann,⁵⁷ J. Hewett,⁵⁸ I. Hinchliffe,⁸ C.J. Hogan,⁴² G. Höhler,⁵⁹ P. Igo-Kemenes,⁶⁰ J.D. Jackson,⁸ K.F. Johnson,⁶¹ D. Karlen,⁶² B. Kayser,⁴⁸ D. Kirkby,¹⁶ S.R. Klein,⁶³ K. Kleinknecht,⁶⁴ I.G. Knowles,⁶⁵ P. Kreitz,⁵⁸ Yu.V. Kuyanov,³⁹ O. Lahav,⁶⁶ P. Langacker,⁶⁷ A. Liddle,⁶⁸ L. Littenberg,⁶⁹ D.M. Manley,⁷⁰ A.D. Martin,⁷¹ M. Narain,⁷² P. Nason,⁷³ Y. Nir,⁷⁴ J.A. Peacock,⁶⁵ H.R. Quinn,⁵⁸ S. Raby,²⁴ B.N. Ratcliff,⁵⁸ E.A. Razuvaev,³⁹ B. Renk,⁶⁴ G. Rolandi,¹⁵ M.T. Ronan,⁸ L.J. Rosenberg,⁷⁵ C.T. Sachrajda,⁷⁶ Y. Sakai,²¹ A.I. Sanda,⁷⁷ S. Sarkar,⁷⁸ M. Schmitt,⁷⁹ O. Schneider,⁸⁰ D. Scott,⁸¹ W.G. Seligman,⁸² M.H. Shaevitz,⁸³ T. Sjöstrand,⁸⁴ G.F. Smoot,⁸ S. Spanier,⁵⁸ H. Spieler,⁸ N.J.C. Spooner,⁸⁵ M. Srednicki,⁸⁶ A. Stahl,³⁰ T. Stanev,⁵³ M. Suzuki,⁸ N.P. Tkachenko,³⁹ G.H. Trilling,⁸ G. Valencia,⁸⁷ K. van Bibber,⁵⁷ M.G. Vincter,⁸⁸ D.R. Ward,⁸⁹ B.R. Webber,⁸⁹ M. Whalley,⁷¹ L. Wolfenstein,⁵⁵ J. Womersley,⁴⁸ C.L. Woody,⁶⁹ O.V. Zenin,³⁹ R.-Y. Zhu⁹⁰

1. *Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, RU-630090, Novosibirsk, Russia*
2. *Department of Physics, Hillsdale College, Hillsdale, MI 49242, USA*
3. *School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA*
4. *C.I.E.M.A.T., E-28040, Madrid, Spain*
5. *Institute of Physics, University of Zürich, CH-8057 Zürich, Switzerland*
6. *University of Pittsburgh, Department of Physics and Astronomy, 3951 O'Hara St, Pittsburgh PA, 15260, USA*
7. *Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, OK 74078, USA*
8. *Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, 1 Cyclotron Road, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA*
9. *Department of Physics, Stanford University, Stanford, CA 94305, USA*
10. *Nuclear and Particle Theory Group, Department of Physics, College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, VA 23187, USA*
11. *Dipartimento di Fisica e INFN, Università di Genova, I-16146 Genova, Italy*
12. *Università degli Studi, I-61029 Urbino, Italy*
13. *Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, Sezione di Firenze, I-50125 Firenze, Italy*
14. *Dipartimento di Scienze Fisiche, Univ. di Napoli "Federico II," Complesso Universitario Monte S. Angelo, Via Cintia, I-80126 Napoli, Italy*
15. *CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, CH-1211 Genève 23, Switzerland*
16. *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California, Irvine, CA 92697-4576, USA*
17. *Newman Laboratory for Elementary Particle Physics, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853-5001, USA*
18. *Argonne National Laboratory, 9700 S. Cass Ave., Argonne, IL 60439-4815, USA*
19. *Institute for Particle Physics, ETH Zürich, CH-8093 Zürich, Switzerland*
20. *Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Mumbai (Bombay) 400 005, India*
21. *KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Oho, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki-ken 305-0801, Japan*
22. *IFIC — Instituto de Física Corpuscular, Universitat de València — C.S.I.C., E-46071 Valencia, Spain*
23. *Department of Physics, Tohoku University, Aoba-ku, Sendai 980-8578, Japan*
24. *Department of Physics, The Ohio State University, 174 W. 28th Ave., Columbus, OH 43210 USA*
25. *University of Maryland, Department of Physics and Astronomy, College Park, MD 20742-4111, USA*
26. *Department of Physics, University of Notre Dame, 225 Niewland Hall, Notre Dame, IN 46556 USA*
27. *Yonsei University, Department of Physics, 134 Sinchon-dong, Sudaemoon-gu, Seoul 120-749, South Korea*
28. *Department of Physics, University of California at San Diego, La Jolla, CA 92093, USA*
29. *INFN Sezione di Cagliari, Cittadella Universitaria de Monserrato, Casella postale 170, I-09042 Monserrato (CA), Italy*
30. *DESY-Zeuthen, D-15735 Zeuthen, Germany*
31. *Department of Physics, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA*

† J.J. Hernández-Rey and S. Navas acknowledge support from MCYT, Spain (FPA2002-12065-E).

32. *Dpto. de Física Teórica y del Cosmos & C.A.F.P.E., Universidad de Granada, 18071 Granada, Spain*
33. *Department of Physics and Astronomy University of Alabama, 206 Gallalee Hall, Box 870324, Tuscaloosa, AL 35487-0324, USA*
34. *Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), Föhringer Ring 6, D-80805 München, Germany*
35. *Department of Physical Sciences, POB 64 FIN-00014 University of Helsinki, Finland*
36. *Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA*
37. *California Institute of Technology, Kellogg Radiation Laboratory 106-38, Pasadena, CA 91125, USA*
38. *Department of Physics, George Washington University Virginia Campus, Ashburn, VA 20147-2604, USA*
39. *COMPAS Group, Institute for High Energy Physics, RU-142284, Protvino, Russia*
40. *Department of Physics, Syracuse University, Syracuse, NY, 13244-1130, USA*
41. *University of Melbourne, School of Physics, Parkville, Victoria 3052, Australia*
42. *Department of Astronomy, University of Washington, Physics/Astronomy Bldg., Stevens Way, POB 351580, Seattle, WA 98195-1580, USA*
43. *Michigan State University, Dept. of Physics and Astronomy, East Lansing, MI 48824-2320, USA*
44. *Department of Physics, Royal Holloway, University of London, Egham, Surrey TW20 0EX, UK*
45. *Institut des Hautes Etudes Scientifiques, F-91440 Bures-sur-Yvette, France*
46. *Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, 85 Notkestraße, D-22603 Hamburg, Germany*
47. *Technische Universität München, Fakultät Für Physik Department, James Franck Str., D-85748 Garching, Germany*
48. *Fermilab, P.O. Box 500, Batavia, IL 60510, USA*
49. *Instituto de Física, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Apartado Postal 20-364, 01000 México D.F., México*
50. *Department of Astronomy, University of Illinois, 1002 W. Green St., Urbana, IL 61801, USA*
51. *H.H. Wills Physics Lab., University of Bristol, Royal Fort, Tyndall Ave., Bristol BS8 1TL, UK*
52. *University of Tokyo, Institute for Cosmic Ray Research, Kashivva 2778582, Japan*
53. *Bartol Research Institute, University of Delaware, Newark, DE 19716, USA*
54. *CEA/Saclay, B.P.2, Orme des Merisiers, F-91191 Gif-sur-Yvette Cedex, France*
55. *Department of Physics, Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA 15213, USA*
56. *Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California, Santa Cruz, CA 95064, USA*
57. *Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, 7000 East Ave., Livermore, CA 94550, USA*
58. *Stanford Linear Accelerator Center, P.O. box 4349, Stanford, CA 94309, USA*
59. *Institut für Theoretische Teilchenphysik, University of Karlsruhe, Postfach 6980, D-76128 Karlsruhe, Germany*
60. *Physikalisches Institut, Universität Heidelberg, Philosophenweg 12, D-69120 Heidelberg, Germany*
61. *Department of Physics, Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL 32306, USA*
62. *Department of Physics, Carleton University, 1125 Colonel By Drive, Ottawa, ON K1S 5B6, Canada*
63. *Nuclear Science Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, 1 Cyclotron Road, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA*
64. *Institut für Physik, Johannes-Gutenberg Universität Mainz, D-55099 Mainz, Germany*
65. *Institute for Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Royal Observatory, Blackford Hill, Edinburgh, EH9 3JZ, Scotland, UK*
66. *University of Cambridge, Institute of Astronomy, Madingley Road, Cambridge, CB3 0HA, UK*
67. *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA 19104, USA*
68. *University of Sussex, Astronomy Centre, Falmer Brighton BN1 9RH, UK*
69. *Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973, USA*
70. *Department of Physics, Kent State University, Kent, OH 44242, USA*
71. *Institute for Particle Physics Phenomenology, Department of Physics, University of Durham, Durham DH1 3LE, UK*
72. *Boston University, Department of Physics, 590 Commonwealth Ave., Boston, MA 02215, USA*
73. *INFN Sezione di Milano, via Celoria 16, I-20133 Milano, Italy*
74. *Weizmann Institute of Science, Department of Particle Physics, P.O. Box 26 Rehovot 76100, Israel*
75. *Department of Physics and Laboratory for Nuclear Science, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 77 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA*
76. *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Highfield, Southampton S017 1BJ, UK*
77. *Nagoya University, Department of Physics, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya, 464-8602, Japan*
78. *Theoretical Physics, University of Oxford, 1 Keble Road, Oxford OX1 3NP, UK*
79. *Department of Physics and Astronomy, Northwestern University, Evanston, IL 60208, USA*
80. *Laboratoire de Physique des Hautes Energies, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology, Lausanne, CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland*
81. *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC V6T 1Z1 Canada*
82. *Columbia University, Nevis Labs, PO Box 137, Irvington, NY 10533, USA*
83. *Department of Physics, Columbia University, 538 West 120th St., New York, NY 10027, USA*
84. *Department of Theoretical Physics, Lund University, S-223 62 Lund, Sweden*
85. *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield S3 7RH, UK*
86. *Department of Physics, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106, USA*
87. *Department of Physics, Iowa State University, Ames, IA 50011, USA*
88. *Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, T6G 2J1, Canada*
89. *Cavendish Laboratory, Madingley Road, Cambridge CB3 0HE, UK*
90. *California Institute of Technology, Physics Department, 161-33, Pasadena, CA 91125, USA*

We dedicate this edition of the Review of Particle Physics to the memory of two long-time members of the Particle Data Group, Lucien Montanet and Giovanni Conforto, both of whom died in 2003.

†Lucien Montanet (1930–2003)



Lucien Montanet died on Thursday June 19, 2003. Lucien was a pioneer of high energy physics, becoming in 1957 one of the first physicists at CERN. For his PhD thesis, he analyzed interactions of cosmic rays in a Wilson cloud chamber run at the top of Switzerland's Jungfrauoch mountain. Later he joined Charles Peyrou and Raphael Armenteros to analyze photographs of proton-antiproton annihilations in an 81-cm bubble chamber, one of the earliest such analysis at CERN. He co-signed the discovery of the first meson resonance found at CERN and in Europe, the E meson, now call the $\eta(1440)$. Thus began a long career devoted to meson and baryon spectroscopy, a field in which he became one of the leading experts. He organized and lead numerous workshops and conferences on hadron spectroscopy, and was a frequent rapporteur for review talks on these topics. He was a key member of the Particle Data Group from 1977 through 1996.

Lucien initiated and coordinated several important experiments, including the European Hybrid Spectrometer at the CERN SPS, designed to study complex hadronic final states, strong-interaction dynamics, and features of the associated weak decays.

In 1985, Lucien was appointed coordinator of the CERN-USSR (now CERN-Russia) Committee, where he fostered excellent relations between CERN and Russia. In 1990, he became a member of the Scientific Council of the Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR) at Dubna, and played a key role in defining JINR's scientific policy. In 1973, he became editor of "Physics Letters" and continued in this role even after his retirement in 1995. Many publications of CERN and other European laboratories underwent the expert and critical scrutiny of Lucien and his partner Klaus Winter.

In Lucien Montanet, we have lost one of the pioneers of modern high-energy physics, an inspired, generous, and friendly member of our community and a true lover of science.

†Giovanni Conforto (1938–2003)



Gianni Conforto died in May 2003. He was born in Rome on August 30, 1938 and received his Ph.D. from the University of Rome in 1961. He pursued a rich physics career at CERN, Enrico Fermi Institute of the University of Chicago, Rutherford Laboratory, INFN Roma, INFN Firenze, University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, University of Hamburg, and University of Urbino, working on many experiments, including NOMAD, L3, Crystal Ball, and Gargamelle. His wide-ranging research interests included weak decays of leptons and baryons, properties of mesons and baryons including states with strangeness, charm, and beauty, the Upsilon meson, the Z boson, neutrino physics, astrophysics, and cosmology.

From 1988 to 2003, he made significant contributions to the Review of Particle Physics in the W boson and K meson sections. In Gianni Conforto, we have lost a charming person, a real gentleman, and an accomplished physicist.